National Aeronautics and Space Administration



The Digital Astronaut Project (DAP) Computational Modeling of Space Physiology

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Beth Lewandowski, NASA GRC

Human Research Program Mission

To enable space exploration beyond low Earth orbit by reducing the risks to human health & performance through a focused program of:

- Basic, applied, and operational research

Leading to the development and delivery of:

- Human health, performance, and habitability standards
- Countermeasures and risk mitigation solutions
- Advanced habitability and medical support technologies





The NASA Digital Astronaut Project (DAP)

- Develops and utilizes computational modeling in the mitigation of human health and performance risks associated with long-duration spaceflight
- Supplements space physiology research by informing experimental design
- Informs design and predicts efficacy of spaceflight countermeasure devices

• Project team:

- Kelly Gilkey, NASA GRC
- Beth Lewandowski, NASA GRC
- John DeWitt, KBRWyle
- Jerry Myers, NASA GRC
- Emily Nelson, NASA GRC
- Jim Pennline, NASA GRC
- Bill Thompson, NASA GRC

- Chris Gallo, NASA GRC
- Drayton Munster, NASA GRC
- Aaron Godfrey, ZIN Technologies
- Brad Humphreys, ZIN Technologies
- Chris Werner, ZIN Technologies
- Kathy Jagodnik, Baylor College of Medicine
- Mo Kassemi, CWRU

DAP Models of Physiological Systems and Organs



Musculoskeletal system Biomechanical analysis; Bone and muscle



Lumped-parameter whole body model

Vasculature, cerebral spinal fluid, interstitial fluid and lymphatic fluid; heart, eye, kidney Central nervous system Vestibular organs

Biomechanical Modeling

- **Biomechanical data** collection capabilities within the NASA GRC Exercise Countermeasures Lab
- **Biomechanical analysis with** • the open source biomechanical simulation software OpenSim (Stanford **University**)
- **Example Analyses:**
 - **Biomechanical characterization** of spaceflight exercise devices
 - Operational volume analyses
 - Interface loads analyses



HULK Long Bar

HULK Yo-Yo Harness



Barbell Free Weight







Musculoskeletal Modeling

- Bone Fracture Risk Module (BFxRM) for fracture probability calculations
- Bone physiology model to predict changes in bone mineral density
- Muscle atrophy space-flight simulation through a grant to University of Virginia





Cardiovascular and Ocular Modeling

- A human body model of cardiovascular, cerebral spinal, interstitial and lymphatic fluids provides mean arterial pressure (MAP) and intracranial pressure (ICP) in response to gravity-driven fluid shifts
- A lumped eye model provides intraocular pressure (IOP) and globe and blood volume estimates
- A finite element model of the optic nerve head includes tissue properties for tissue strains estimation when subjected to different MAP, ICP and IOP developed through a grant to the Georgia Institute of Technology
- Models are used in the research of Visual Impairment and Intracranial Pressure (VIIP) syndrome



NASA Human Research Program

- The Digital Astronaut Project is within the Human Health and Countermeasures Element of the Human Research Program (HRP)
 - <u>https://www.nasa.gov/hrp</u>
- HRP has established a risk reduction strategy for human space exploration
 - <u>https://humanresearchroadmap.nasa.gov/</u>
 - Studies and tasks are performed to reduce the risk
- NASA funding opportunities are available through NSPIRES
 - <u>https://nspires.nasaprs.com/external/</u>
 - HRP funding opportunities are listed as Human Exploration Research Opportunities (HERO)
 - Other information on research opportunities within HRP: <u>https://www.nasa.gov/hrp/research/opportunities</u>
- New collaborative institute Translational Research Institute
 - <u>https://www.bcm.edu/centers/space-medicine/translational-research-institute</u>
 - Replacing National Space and Biomedical Research Institute

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Thank You!!