Systems pharmacology model to control cardiac fibrosis



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Signaling complexity hinders targeting of fibrosis after myocardial infarction

Every year, ~1M Americans have a myocardial infarction





Stuart et al JMCC 2016

Travers et al Circ Res 2016

Objective: Develop computational models that predict and mechanistically explain therapeutic strategies to control myofibroblast activation and fibrosis

Reconstruction of the fibroblast signaling network



Zeigler+ J Mol Cell Cardiol 2016

From network structure to dynamics: logic-based differential equations



- Proteins/genes in units of normalized activity, not concentration
- Reactions use normalized-Hill functions and AND/OR logic gates.
- Default parameter values: EC₅₀,(0.5), Hill coeff (1.4), rxn weight (1) time constant (signaling: 10 s, transcription: 1 h, translation: 10 h)

Kraeutler+ BMC Sys Bio 2010

Predicted network response to TGFβ



Logic-based differential equation model

Methods: Kraeutler et al, BMC Sys Bio 2010

Angela Zeigler

Model accurately predicts 66 of 82 input-output relationships



Zeigler+ J Mol Cell Cardiol 2016

Cardiac fibroblast validation data from 34 Validation accuracy = 80%; **see poster**

Predicted and validated role for TGFβ autocrine loop in mechano-induced αSMA



3D culture of cardiac fibroblasts in either mechanically restrained or floating collagen gels Green: α SMA; purple: DAPI

Control

+TGFβ-Ri







Will Richardson



TGFβRi: SD208

Zeigler+ J Mol Cell Cardiol 2016

Applying the network model to predict matrix remodeling dynamics after myocardial infarction



9 model inputs driven by experimentally measured cytokine/hormone dynamics after myocardial infarction



Post-MI experimental data from rat or human hearts, from infarct zone where available

Experimental validation of predicted collagen mRNA and protein outputs after myocardial infarction





Network model coupled to single ODE model with experimentally measured time-dependent MMP activity and fibroblast proliferation

Experimental data from rat infarcts: Deten 2001 Zimmerman 2001 Fomovsky 2010

Simulating FDA approved drugs targeting fibroblast signaling network



shift [X]

adjust reaction weights

Dose: 80% of saturation

Virtual screen for drugs that modulate fibroblasts after myocardial infarction



Network mechanisms contributing to fibrosis induced by arsenic trioxide



Network mechanisms contributing to fibrosis attenuated by Entresto



Integrated agent-based and signaling network model of fibrosis





Inflammatory

Michaela Rikard w. Peirce-Cottler, Holmes



Summary

- Developed and validated a large-scale model of cardiac fibroblast signaling
- Validated model prediction that stretch-mediated myofibroblast differentiation involves a TGFβ autocrine loop
- Framework for predicting in vivo signaling dynamics and effects of drugs after myocardial infarction
- Predicted pro- and anti-fibrotic FDA approved drugs (e.g. arsenic trioxide, nitrates, Entresto)





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Posters on automated validation, fibrosis gene therapies

Grad student and post-doc positions available http://bme.virginia.edu/saucerman

